

Unit 2

Name: _____

Towards Confederation

Date: _____

Chapter 6, Lesson 1: Challenges Created by Migration - Key

Complete the sentences below by filling in the blanks with the appropriate word or words.

1. The arrival of the Loyalists greatly increased the number of British people in Quebec. Before the arrival of the Loyalists, Quebec had very few British settlers. During and after the war, almost 40,000 Loyalists migrated to the British colonies.
2. Many Loyalists were unhappy in Nova Scotia. They wanted their own colony. In 1874, Nova Scotia was divided into two parts. The western portion became New Brunswick. Ile Saint-Jean was renamed Prince Edward Island.
3. Loyalists also migrated north into Quebec. They did not want to settle there. The Loyalists were given land along the St. Lawrence River and the north shore of Lake Ontario.
4. Much of the land promised to the First Nations was given to the Loyalists when they migrated north. The Anishinabe did not believe that land was something people bought and sold. They were also afraid that the British might use force to take their land.
5. Loyalists who came to Quebec were English-speaking. In Quebec, the Canadiens formed the majority and wanted to maintain their rights. In 1791, the Constitutional Act divided Quebec into Upper Canada and Lower Canada. The French and English cultures could co-exist in their own areas; each colony had an elected assembly.