## Lesson 5: Slope as a Rate of Change

## **Are You Ready? Possible Solutions**

1. The slope of a line measures the steepness of the line. The slope of a line is also known as the ratio of the rise over the run between two points on the line.

2.

Type of Slope	Lines
positive	Line C
negative	Lines A and B
zero	Line E
undefined	Line D

3. The following are the correct slopes:

• Line A = 
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = 0.4

• Line B = 
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$
 = -1.5

• Line D = 
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 0.75

4. a. slope = 
$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$
  
=  $\frac{8 - 2}{6 - 3}$   
=  $\frac{6}{3}$ 

b. slope = 
$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$
  
=  $\frac{-1 - 6}{5 - (-4)}$   
=  $\frac{-7}{9}$   
=  $-\frac{7}{9}$ 

c. slope = 
$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$
  
=  $\frac{4 - (-3)}{3 - (-2)}$   
=  $\frac{7}{5}$   
= 1.4

5. a. 
$$a^{2} = c^{2} - b^{2}$$
$$y^{2} = 53^{2} - 45^{2}$$
$$y^{2} = 2809 - 2025$$
$$y^{2} = 784$$
$$\sqrt{y^{2}} = \sqrt{784}$$
$$y = 28$$

b. 
$$slope = \frac{rise}{run}$$
$$= \frac{28}{45}$$