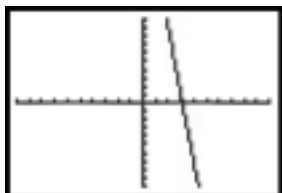


TI-83/TI-83 Plus Procedure 5: *Setting the Viewing Window*

Example

Graph the function $y = -8x + 25$ and adjust the viewing window to see more of the function.

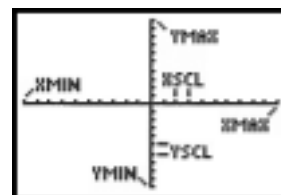
STEP 1: Press **Y=** and enter the function $y = -8x + 25$. Use **(-)** for the negative sign, not **=**. Press **ZOOM** 6. Note that you cannot see where the function crosses the y-axis.



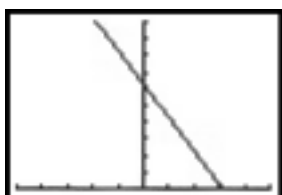
STEP 2: Examine the current **WINDOW** values by pressing **WINDOW**. Edit the value of **Xmin** by pressing **(-)** 5. Press **↓** or **ENTER** to move to the next value. Set the remaining **WINDOW** values using the following key sequence: 5 **↓** 1 **↓** 0 **↓** 40 **↓** 4. Compare your screen with the one on the left. The screen on the right shows which aspect of the viewing window each **WINDOW** value controls. The value **Xres** appears underneath **Yscl**. **Xres** determines the thickness (from 1 to 8) of the lines and axes when they are drawn on the screen. For the best results, leave **Xres** set at 1.

```

WINDOW
Xmin=-5
Xmax=5
Xscl=1
Ymin=0
Ymax=40
Yscl=4
Xres=1
    
```



STEP 3: Press **GRAPH** to view the screen below.



Exercises

Set the viewing window to each set of values to graph the function $y = 4x^2 + 11x$.

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| 1. Xmin = -5 | Ymin = -8 | 2. Xmin = -4 | Ymin = -10 | 3. Xmin = -10 | Ymin = -10 |
| Xmax = 1 | Ymax = 1 | Xmax = 1 | Ymax = 10 | Xmax = 10 | Ymax = 300 |
| Xscl = .5 | Yscl = 1 | Xscl = 1 | Yscl = 2 | Xscl = 1 | Yscl = 25 |