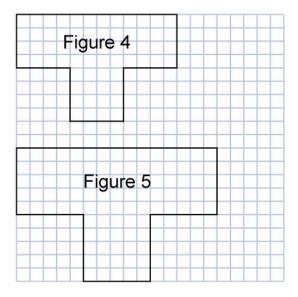
Math Lab: Investigating Linear Relations Possible Solutions

Part A: Investigating Graphs and Tables

1. The student's Figure 4 and Figure 5 should look like the following.

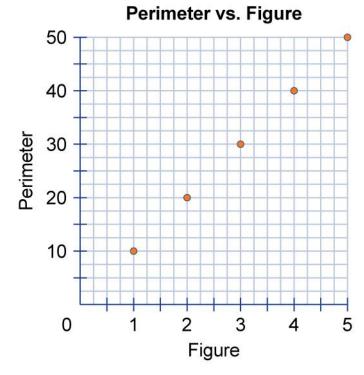


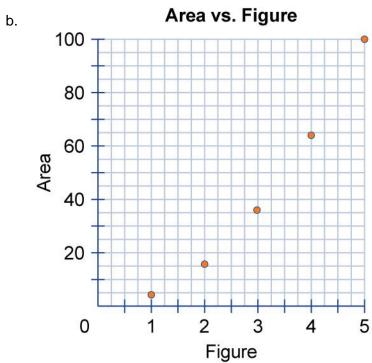
2. The following chart is the correct answer.

Figure	Width	Perimeter	Area
1	3	10	4
2	6	20	16
3	9	30	36
4	12	40	64
5	15	50	100

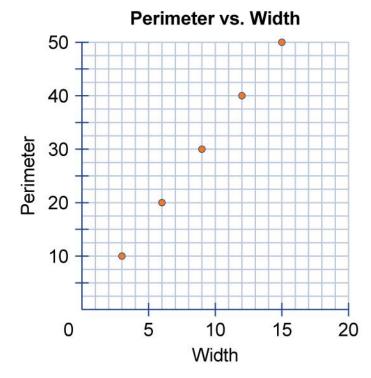
3. The completed graphs should look like the following.

a.









Analysis

- 4. The graphs whose points lie on a straight line are the Perimeter vs. Figure graph and the Perimeter vs. Width graph.
- 5. The tables for the linear relations are different in that the difference between consecutive numbers going down each column is consistent.

Part B: Investigating Equations

Equation	Table			Graph					
y = x + 3	x 0	<i>y</i> 3		20 —					
	2	5		15					
	6	7		10 —					
	8	11		5 —					
	10	13							
				0	2	4	6	8	10
$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$	X	У		5					
	2	2		3					
	4	0		2 1	•				
	6	-1		0 -1	2	4	6	8	10
	8	-2		-2 -3				•	
	10	-3		-4 -5					
$y = x^2$									
y – x	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i> 0		100					
	2	4		80 -					
	4	16		60					
	6	36 64		40			•		
	10	100		20 -		•			
		1					6	c	10
				0	2	4	6	8	10

$y = \sqrt{x}$	X	у		5 —					
	0	0		4					
	2	1.414		7					
	4	2		3 -					
	6	2.449		2					
	8	2.828			•				
	10	3.162		1					
			•						
				0	2	4	6	8	10

Analysis

- 7. An equation forms a straight line if either of the following is true:
 - The equation takes the form y = mx + b. You will learn more about this later.
 - The equation is a first-degree equation involving only two variables.