Module 6 Lesson 3

Try This 6 Possible Solutions

TT 6. Foundations and Pre-calculus Mathematics 10 (Pearson), questions 20, 22, 24, 25, 26 on page 374

20. a) Since the line is parallel to $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 1$, the slope of the line is $-\frac{4}{3}$.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (-3) = -\frac{4}{3}x - (-5)$$

$$y + 3 = -\frac{4}{3}(x + 5)$$

$$y + 3 = -\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{20}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{20}{3} - 3$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{20}{3} - \frac{9}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{29}{3}$$

b) Since the line is perpendicular to $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 1$, the slope of the line is $\frac{3}{4}$.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (-3) = \frac{3}{4}x - (-5)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{3}{4}(x + 5)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{15}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{15}{4} - 3$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{15}{4} - \frac{12}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}$$

22. a) Since the line is parallel to $y-3=-\frac{5}{2}(x+2)$, the slope of the line is $-\frac{5}{2}$.

$$y-6=-\frac{5}{2}(x-2)$$

b) Since the line is perpendicular to $y-3=-\frac{5}{2}(x+2)$, the slope of the line is $\frac{2}{5}$.

$$y-6=\frac{2}{5}(x-2)$$

24. Since the line is perpendicular to $y-3=\frac{2}{9}$ x+5, the slope of the line is $-\frac{9}{2}$. Since the two lines intersect on the *y*-axis, this means that they share a common *y*-intercept. Rearrange the equation to find the *y*-intercept of the line.

$$y-3 = \frac{2}{9}(x+5)$$

$$y-3 = \frac{2}{9}x + \frac{10}{9}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{9}x + \frac{10}{9} + 3$$

$$y = \frac{2}{9}x + \frac{10}{9} + \frac{27}{9}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{9}x + \frac{37}{9}$$

The *y*-intercept is (0, $\frac{37}{9}$). The equation of the perpendicular line is $y = -\frac{9}{2}x + \frac{37}{9}$.

- **25.** Since the line is perpendicular to $y = -\frac{5}{3}x \frac{25}{3}$, the slope of the line is $\frac{3}{5}$. The equation of the line is $y + 5 = \frac{3}{5}(x + 2)$.
- **26.** Answers may vary. If one line is horizontal and the other is vertical, then their equations will be y = 5 and x = 3. All other lines will have equations of the following form:

$$y-5=m(x-3)$$
 and $y-5=-\frac{1}{m}(x-3)$.