

Review Exercise 2 - Answers



1. Perform the following conversions using dimensional analysis:

a) 250 g to kg

$$250\text{ g} \times \frac{1\text{ kg}}{1000\text{ g}} = 0.250\text{ kg}$$

b) 0.800 L to mL

$$0.800\text{ L} \times \frac{1 \times 10^3\text{ mL}}{1\text{ L}} = 8.00 \times 10^2\text{ mL}$$

c) 500 mL to L

$$500\text{ mL} \times \frac{1\text{ L}}{1000\text{ mL}} = 0.500\text{ L}$$

d) 720 mmol to mol

$$720\text{ mmol} \times \frac{1\text{ mol}}{1000\text{ mmol}} = 0.720\text{ mol}$$

e) 0.060 kg to g

$$0.060\text{ kg} \times \frac{1000\text{ g}}{1\text{ kg}} = 60\text{ g}$$

f) 900 cm² to m²

$$900\text{ cm}^2 \times \frac{1\text{ m}^2}{10\,000\text{ cm}^2} = 0.0900\text{ m}^2$$

g) 20.0 g of NaOH to moles of NaOH

$$20.0\text{ g NaOH} \times \frac{1\text{ mol NaOH}}{40.00\text{ g NaOH}} = 0.500\text{ mol NaOH}$$

h) 2.5 mole of sulfuric acid to grams

$$2.5\text{ mol H}_2\text{SO}_4 \times \frac{98.08\text{ g H}_2\text{SO}_4}{1\text{ mol H}_2\text{SO}_4} = 2.5 \times 10^2\text{ g H}_2\text{SO}_4$$

i) 3.0 g of ice to moles of ice

$$3.0\text{ g H}_2\text{O}_{(s)} \times \frac{1\text{ mol H}_2\text{O}_{(s)}}{18.02\text{ g H}_2\text{O}_{(s)}} = 0.17\text{ mol H}_2\text{O}_{(s)}$$

j) Given $\text{P}_{4(s)} + 5\text{O}_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2\text{P}_2\text{O}_{5(s)}$

How many moles of phosphorus will react with 11.6 mol of oxygen gas?

$$11.6\text{ mol O}_{2(g)} \times \frac{1\text{ mol P}_{4(s)}}{5\text{ mol O}_{2(g)}} = 2.32\text{ mol P}_{4(s)}$$

How many moles of O_{2(g)} will produce 6.12 mol of P₂O_{5(s)}?

$$6.12\text{ mol P}_2\text{O}_{5(s)} \times \frac{5\text{ mol O}_{2(g)}}{2\text{ mol P}_2\text{O}_{5(s)}} = 15.3\text{ mol O}_{2(g)}$$