* British required a new oath term Acadians: oath of allegiance- that the Acadians would fight for Britain in a war against France.
* When Acadians refused Britain decided to deport them. Some escaped to New France and some stayed with the Mi’kmaq
* British required Acadians to take an oath that required that the Acadians stay neutral if a war between Britain and France brake out (oath of neutrality)
* Great Deportation Britain captured and shipped many Acadians to the 13 Colonies, England and France.
* After the war, Acadians were free to come home. Some returned to the shores of the Bay of Fundy, they were determined to maintain their culture and way of life.

The Great Deportaion

**Reasons for Britain’s decision for deportation:**

* Britain was worried that it could not trust the Acadians if it came to war
* Britain believed that Acadians were still loyal to France because their culture was similar to France
* Britain assumed that they could not trust the Acadians, because the Acadians were of French descent
* British told Acadians they had to leave within a year
* Most of Acadia under British control