

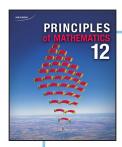
• If you have any difficulty with these solutions, please contact your teacher before continuing.

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The non-permissible value will be the same. The step that is different is finding the lowest common denominator, which is  $12x^2$ . In Example 2, Akie had only to change one of the rational expressions to make a common denominator. If the sum is changed to  $\frac{3}{6x^2} + \frac{1}{4x}$ , both expressions must be changed. The work for this new sum is shown below.

$$\left(\frac{3}{6x^2}\right)\left(\frac{2}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{4x}\right)\left(\frac{3x}{3x}\right) = \frac{6}{12x^2} + \frac{3x}{12x^2} = \frac{6+3x}{12x^2} = \frac{3(2+x)}{3(4x^2)} = \frac{\cancel{3}(2+x)}{\cancel{3}(4x^2)} = \frac{2+x}{4x^2}, x \neq 0$$

As well, you can see that having to multiply both expressions results in a more complex sum, which means factoring and cancelling are required when simplifying the final answer.



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$$\frac{6}{n-3} - \frac{4}{n+2}$$

$$= \left[ \left( \frac{6}{n-3} \right) \left( \frac{n+2}{n+2} \right) \right] - \left[ \left( \frac{4}{n+2} \right) \left( \frac{n-3}{n-3} \right) \right]$$

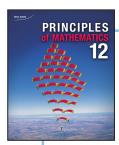
$$= \left[ \frac{6n+12}{(n-3)(n+2)} \right] - \left[ \frac{4n-12}{(n+2)(n-3)} \right] \checkmark$$

$$=\frac{6n+12-(4n-12)}{(n-3)(n+2)}$$

$$=\frac{6n+12-4n+12}{(n-3)(n+2)}$$

$$= \frac{2n+24}{(n-3)(n+2)}$$

$$= \frac{2(n+12)}{(n-3)(n+2)} \quad \checkmark \qquad n \neq 3, -2 \quad \checkmark$$



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$$\frac{2x}{x^2-1}-\frac{4}{x-1}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2x}{(x-1)(x+1)} \right] - \left[ \frac{4}{x-1} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{2x}{(x-1)(x+1)}\right] - \left[\left(\frac{4}{x-1}\right)\left(\frac{x+1}{x+1}\right)\right]$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2x}{(x-1)(x+1)} \right] - \left[ \frac{4x+4}{(x-1)(x+1)} \right]$$

$$=\frac{2x-(4x+4)}{(x-1)(x+1)}$$

$$= \frac{2x - 4x - 4}{(x - 1)(x + 1)} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{-2x - 4}{(x - 1)(x + 1)} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{-2(x+2)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \checkmark \qquad x \neq -1, 1 \checkmark$$