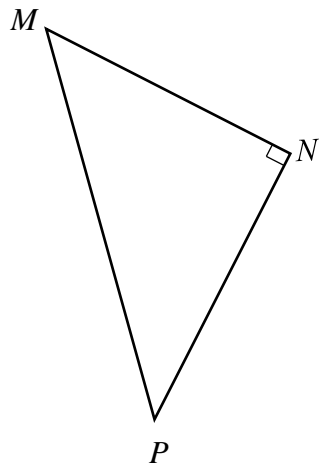
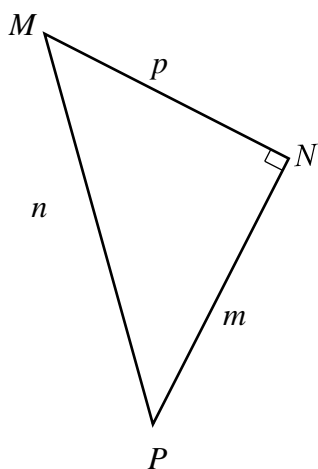


Solving for the Hypotenuse Practice

1. Rewrite the Pythagorean Theorem for the triangle shown.

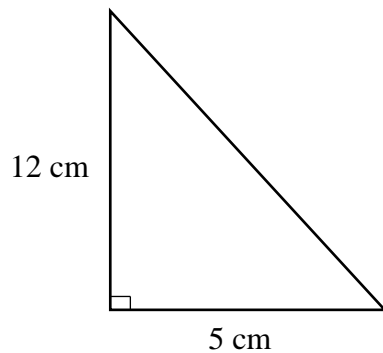


Label the sides of the triangle.

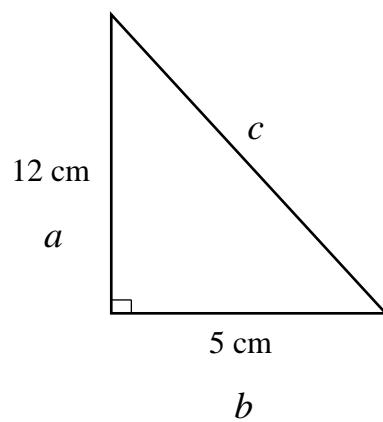


$$p^2 + m^2 = n^2 \text{ or } m^2 + p^2 = n^2$$

2. Determine the length of the hypotenuse in the triangle shown.



Step 1: Label the sides of the triangle.



Step 2: Write the formula, substitute known values, and solve.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$12^2 + 5^2 = c^2$$

$$(12 \times 12) + (5 \times 5) = c^2$$

$$144 + 25 = c^2$$

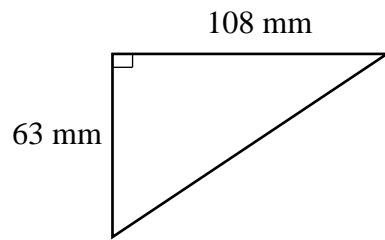
$$169 = c^2$$

$$\sqrt{169} = \sqrt{c^2}$$

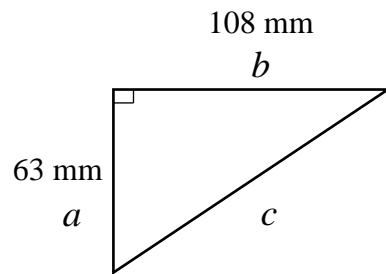
$$13 = c$$

The hypotenuse is 13 cm long.

3. Determine the length of the hypotenuse in the triangle shown.



Step 1: Label the sides of the triangle.



Step 2: Write the formula, substitute known values, and solve.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$63^2 + 108^2 = c^2$$

$$3\,969 + 11\,664 = c^2$$

$$15\,633 = c^2$$

$$125.03 = c$$

The hypotenuse is approximately 125.0 mm long.