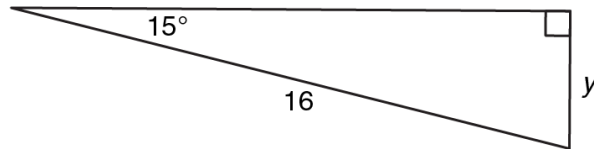
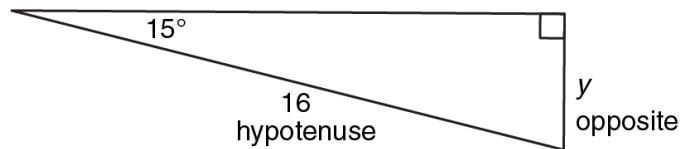


Solving for Unknown Side Lengths Using Sine and Cosine

- Determine the length of side y , to the nearest tenth.



Step 1: Identify and label the sides as being adjacent to, opposite, or the hypotenuse, in relation to the angle indicated.



Step 2: State the appropriate ratio.

$$\text{sine of angle } \theta = \frac{\text{length opposite } \theta}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

Step 3: Substitute known values, and calculate the unknown value.

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

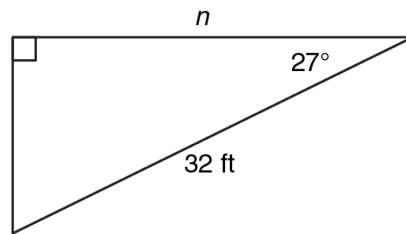
$$\sin 15^\circ = \frac{y}{16}$$

$$16 \times \sin 15^\circ = \frac{y}{16} \times 16$$

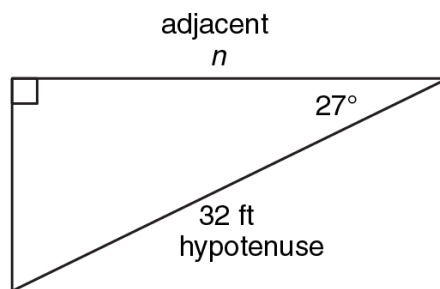
$$4.1 = y$$

The length of side y is approximately 4.1.

2. Determine the length of side n , to the nearest tenth of a foot.



Step 1: Identify and label the sides as being adjacent to, opposite, or the hypotenuse, in relation to the angle indicated.



Step 2: State the appropriate ratio.

$$\cos \text{ of angle } \theta = \frac{\text{length adjacent to } \theta}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

Step 3: Substitute known values, and calculate the unknown value.

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

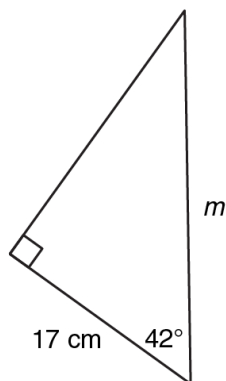
$$\cos 27^\circ = \frac{n}{32 \text{ ft}}$$

$$32 \text{ ft} \times \cos 27^\circ = \frac{n}{\cancel{32 \text{ ft}}} \times \cancel{32 \text{ ft}}$$

$$28.5 \text{ ft} = n$$

The length of side n is approximately 28.5 feet.

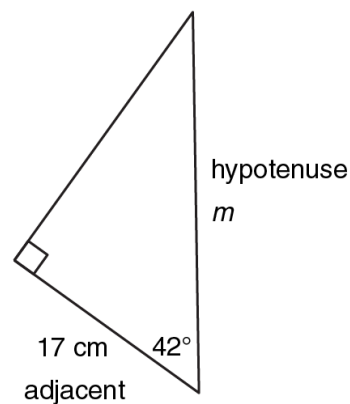
3. Determine the length of side m , to the nearest tenth of a centimetre.



Step 1: Identify and label the sides as being adjacent to, opposite, or the hypotenuse, in relation to the angle indicated.

Step 2: State the appropriate ratio.

$$\cos \text{ of angle } \theta = \frac{\text{length adjacent to } \theta}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$



Step 3: Substitute known values, and calculate the unknown value.

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos 42^\circ = \frac{17 \text{ cm}}{m}$$

$$m \times \cos 42^\circ = \frac{17 \text{ cm}}{\cancel{m}} \times \cancel{m}$$

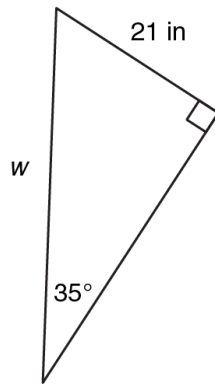
$$m \times \cos 42^\circ = 17 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{m \times \cancel{\cos 42^\circ}}{\cancel{\cos 42^\circ}} = \frac{17 \text{ cm}}{\cos 42^\circ}$$

$$m = 22.9 \text{ cm}$$

The length of side m is approximately 22.9 cm.

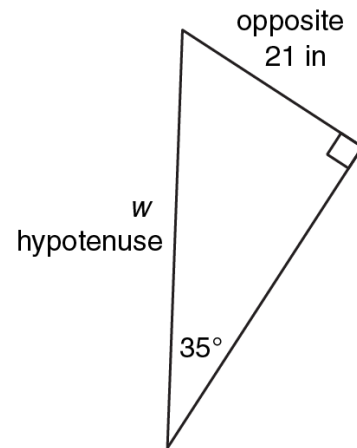
4. Determine the length of side w , to the nearest tenth of an inch.



Step 1: Identify and label the sides as being adjacent to, opposite, or the hypotenuse, in relation to the angle indicated.

Step 2: State the appropriate ratio.

$$\text{sine of angle } \theta = \frac{\text{length opposite } \theta}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$



Step 3: Substitute known values, and calculate the unknown value.

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\sin 35^\circ = \frac{21 \text{ in}}{w}$$

$$w \times \sin 35^\circ = \frac{21 \text{ in}}{\cancel{w}} \times \cancel{w}$$

$$w \times \sin 35^\circ = 21 \text{ in}$$

$$\frac{w \times \cancel{\sin 35^\circ}}{\cancel{\sin 35^\circ}} = \frac{21 \text{ in}}{\sin 35^\circ}$$

$$w = 36.6 \text{ in}$$

The length of side w is approximately 36.6 inches.