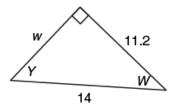
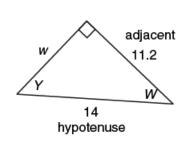
Solving Right Triangles

1. Solve the following triangle. Express angle measures to the nearest degree and lengths to the nearest tenth.



Step 1: Use a trigonometric ratio to determine one of the unknown angle measures from the two known side lengths.



$$\cos \theta = \frac{adj}{hyp}$$

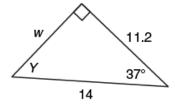
$$\cos W = \frac{11.2}{14}$$

$$W = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{11.2}{14}\right)$$

$$W = 37^{\circ}$$

Step 2: Solve for the third angle.

The two acute angles in a right triangle add to 90°.



$$Y + W = 90^{\circ}$$

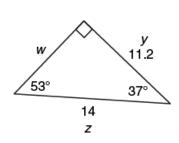
$$Y + 37^{\circ} = 90^{\circ}$$

$$Y + 37^{\circ} - 37^{\circ} = 90^{\circ} - 37^{\circ}$$

$$Y = 53^{\circ}$$

Step 3: Solve for the third side.

Use the Pythagorean theorem to determine the length of the second leg from the other two known side lengths.



$$w^{2} + y^{2} = z^{2}$$

$$w^{2} + 11.2^{2} = 14^{2}$$

$$w^{2} + 125.44 = 196$$

$$w^{2} + 125.44 - 125.44 = 196 - 125.44$$

$$w^{2} = 70.56$$

$$\sqrt{w^{2}} = \sqrt{70.56}$$

$$w = 8.4$$

Alternate Solution

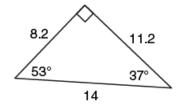
$$\sin \theta = \frac{opp}{hyp}$$

$$\sin 37^{\circ} = \frac{w}{14}$$

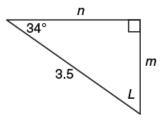
$$14 \times \sin 37^{\circ} = \frac{w}{\cancel{14}} \times \cancel{14}$$

$$8.4 = w$$

Step 4: Label the diagram with all side lengths and angle measures.

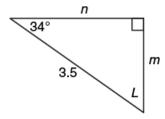


2. Solve the following triangle. Express angle measures to the nearest degree and lengths to the nearest tenth.



Step 1: Solve for the third angle.

The two acute angles in a right triangle add to 90°.

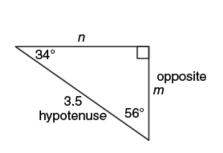


$$L + 34^{\circ} = 90^{\circ}$$

$$L + 34^{\circ} - 34^{\circ} = 90^{\circ} - 34^{\circ}$$

$$L = 56^{\circ}$$

Step 2: Use a trigonometric ratio to determine one of the unknown side lengths from one of the unknown angle measures and the hypotenuse.



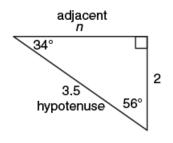
$$\sin \theta = \frac{opp}{hyp}$$

$$\sin 34^\circ = \frac{m}{3.5}$$

$$3.5 \times \sin 34^\circ = \frac{m}{3.5} \times 3.5$$

$$2.0 = m$$

Step 3: Solve for the third side.



$$\cos \theta = \frac{adj}{hyp}$$

$$\cos 34^{\circ} = \frac{l}{3.5}$$

$$3.5 \times \cos 34^{\circ} = \frac{l}{3.5} \times 3.5$$

$$2.9 = l$$

Alternate Solution

$$m^{2} + l^{2} = h^{2}$$

$$2.0^{2} + l^{2} = 3.5^{2}$$

$$4.0 + l^{2} = 12.25$$

$$4.0 - 4.0 + l^{2} = 12.25 - 4.0$$

$$l^{2} = 8.25$$

$$\sqrt{l^{2}} = \sqrt{8.25}$$

$$l = 2.9$$

Step 4: Label the diagram will all side lengths and angle measures.

