

Note-Taking Exemplar

- 2. REDUCE,
- 3. RECITE,
- 4. REFLECT

Poetic form = template

1. CLOSED FORM

- villanelle (set structure)
- ode (subject)
- elegy (death)
- Sonnet (2 types)
- limerick (light)
- Haiku (nature)

How does the form affect the meaning of a poem?

2. FREE VERSE / OPEN

- look for rhythmic structure, ideas.

Q: Can anyone write free verse poetry?

3. CONCRETE

- visual - concrete or abstract

Q: is free verse poetry more expressive?

TERMS:

STANZA (set of lines)

REFRAIN (repeat line, st., phr.)

Lesson 5: Poetic forms

p. 121-131 Module 4.

1. RECORD

- there are a variety of poetic forms. ^{like a template.} The basis of poetic form is ~~the~~ based on rhyme + metre, or the # of lines or stanzas. Subject is also important.

- CLOSED FORM POETRY - conventional, set structure

- villanelle - rhyme scheme + repetition

- ode - subject focused, lyric.

- elegy - praise of someone who has died.

- sonnet - Italian (came first) / English / Shakespearean sonnet most popular. ababcdcdcd, focus on love

- limerick - light humorous aabba

- Haiku - about nature, seasons.

STANZA - grouping of lines that conveys unity of thought

REFRAIN - repetition of a line, stanza or phrase.

- FREE-VERSE POETRY - open form, unrhymed, no regular

- shift due to a need to express broader range of emotions

- still has rhythmic structure, organizing ideas/principles.

- CONCRETE POETRY - poetic designs/shapes with words.

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VISUAL POETRY - identifiable shapes + abstract designs. (include images?)

5. REVIEW

6. RECAPITULATION

There are a variety of poetic forms, or "templates," that are based on rhyme, metre, lines, stanzas or the subject.

The three categories of poetic form are closed form poetry, free-verse poetry, and concrete poetry. Closed form is conventional, + follows a set structure.

Examples include villanelles, odes, elegies, sonnets, limericks, Haikus. Free-verse poetry, conversely, has no defined structure, but has a rhythmic structure and is organized by ideas. Not defined by set rules, free-verse can allow poets to express a broader range of emotion. Concrete poetry is visual in nature, + the words form either a concrete or abstract shape that helps convey the ideal(s) of the poem.