## **Example 3**

continued...

Determine the volume of the new, larger pyramid using the scale factor.

Volume of the enlargement = volume of the original  $\times$  (scale factor)<sup>3</sup>

$$V_{ ext{enlargement}} = 64 \times (\sqrt{2})^3$$

$$V_{\text{enlargement}} \doteq 181.02 \text{ m}^3$$

The volume of the enlarged pyramid will be approximately 181.02 m<sup>3</sup>.



## **Practice Run**

1. The volume of an object is 512 ft<sup>3</sup>. The object is then reduced to 75% of its original size. What is the volume of the new object?

2. The area of the base of the Jack in the Box toy shown below is 25 in<sup>2</sup> and the height of the box is 6 inches. The miniaturized key chain version of the same Jack in the Box is  $\frac{1}{3}$  the size of the original.

Determine the volume of the miniaturized version.



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3. What is the scale factor if a baseball of volume 12.31 in<sup>3</sup> is enlarged to the size of a softball of volume 29.18 in<sup>3</sup>?



Check your answers.

1. The volume of an object is 512 ft<sup>3</sup>. The object is then reduced to 75% of its original size. What is the volume of the new object?

$$k = \frac{\text{reduction \%}}{\text{original \%}}$$
 Volume of the reduction = volume of the original × (scale factor)<sup>3</sup> 
$$k = \frac{75}{100}$$
 V of the reduction =  $512 \times \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3$  
$$V = \frac{3}{4}$$
 V of the reduction =  $216 \text{ ft}^3$ 

2. The area of the base of the Jack in the Box toy shown below is 25 in<sup>2</sup> and the height of the box is 6 inches. The miniaturized key chain version of the same Jack in the Box is  $\frac{1}{3}$  the size of the original.

Determine the volume of the miniaturized version.



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The miniature version is  $\frac{1}{3}$  the size of the original. As such, the scale factor is  $\frac{1}{3}$ .

Determine the volume of the original prism.

 $V = \text{area of base} \times \text{height}$ 

V = Bh

 $V = (25 \text{ in}^2)(6 \text{ in})$ 

 $V = 150 \text{ in}^3$ 

Determine the volume of the miniature.

Volume of new object = volume of original object  $\times$  (scale factor)<sup>3</sup>

$$V = 150 \times \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3$$

$$V = 150 \times \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)$$

$$V \doteq 5.6 \text{ in}^3$$

The volume of the miniature is approximately 5.6 in<sup>3</sup>.

3. What is the scale factor if a baseball of volume 12.31 in<sup>3</sup> is enlarged to the size of a softball of volume 29.18 in<sup>3</sup>?

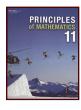
$$k^3 = \frac{\text{scale volume}}{\text{original volume}}$$

$$k^3 = \frac{29.18}{12.31}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{k^3} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{29.18}{12.31}}$$

$$k = 1.33$$

The scale factor is 1.33.



For further information about volume and scale factor see pp. 496 to 498 of *Principles of Mathematics 11*.

Using proportionality and scale factors, many problems involving scale diagrams and models of two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional objects can be solved. Scale diagrams and models are often used in construction, for example, and as such, the ability to work with these concepts correctly is extremely important.

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